Healthy family communication cannot be legislated: We all want young people to be able to talk to their parents about important life decisions. However, the idea that the government can force healthy family interactions ignores reality for many youth and the lasting injuries that result from enforcing these laws.

- The majority of young people voluntarily tell a parent about an unplanned pregnancy – and the younger a minor, the more likely they are to involve a parent. Those who do not tell a parent often involve another family member or trusted adult.

- The minority of young people who do not talk to their parents often have concerns such as: fear of physical or emotional abuse, loss of financial support, or homelessness; fear of being forced to give birth against their will; or serious family problems such as a parent who is sick or imprisoned.

The judicial bypass process itself harms young people:
The “judicial bypass” alternative to parental notice – where a young person must ask a judge for permission to have an abortion without notifying a parent – compounds the harms for young people.

- Youth face major logistical hurdles accessing a judicial bypass – such as getting away from school or home during business hours without raising suspicion, and travelling to and from a courthouse.

- Young people are understandably distressed by being required to go to court and to tell the most intimate details of their life to a stranger.

The judicial bypass process serves no purpose: Since the law went into effect in 2013, judges granted more than 99.5 percent of bypass requests throughout Illinois because they believed the young people were mature enough to make this decision independently, in consultation with their health care providers and chosen support systems.

These harmful restrictions are irrational: Research shows young people are capable of making informed decisions about pregnancy. Illinois law recognizes this by permitting pregnant minors to make all other medical decisions – even those involving greater risk than a safe, legal abortion – without involving a parent or going to court. A pregnant minor can decide independently whether to continue the pregnancy and give birth, consent to far riskier medical care such as a cesarean section, or place a child for adoption. Only when a young person decides to end their pregnancy does the government force them to involve their family.

Every leading medical organization opposes forced parental involvement laws, including: The American Medical Association; The American Academy of Pediatrics; The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists; The Society for Adolescent Medicine; and The American Public Health Association.
Supporting Organizations

American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists
ACLU of Illinois
AIDS Foundation of Chicago
American Association of University Women
Chicago Abortion Fund
Chicago Democratic Socialists of America
Chicago Foundation for Women
Chicago NOW
Chicago Votes
Citizen Action Illinois
 Coalition for a Better Illinois 6th
Equality Illinois
EverThrive Illinois
Family Planning Associates
Health and Medicine Policy Research Group
Hope Clinic for Women
Human Rights Watch Chicago
Illinois Caucus for Adolescent Health
Illinois Choice Action Team
Illinois Democratic Women
Illinois NOW
Indivisible Illinois
League of Women Voters Illinois
Local 881 UFCW
McHenry County Citizens for Choice
Midwest Access Project
Men4Choice
Mujeres Latinas en Accion
NARAL Pro-Choice America
National Asian Pacific American Women's Forum
National Association of Social Workers Illinois Chapter
National Council of Jewish Women Illinois
Personal PAC
Planned Parenthood of Illinois
Planned Parenthood of the St. Louis Region and Southwest Missouri
Religious Coalition for Reproductive Choice
Sargent Shriver National Center on Poverty Law
Sierra Club Illinois
We Will
Whole Woman’s Health
Whole Woman’s Health Alliance
Winnebago County Citizens for Choice
Women’s March Chicago
Women’s March Illinois